INTRODUCTION TO MENTAL HEALTH PROMOTION



A brief overview of the concepts, principles, and practices of mental health promotion

Yunke Gu, Yale School of Public Health

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Welcome to the world of mental health promotion.

This brief guide is intended to offer you a quick introduction to the field. We hope it will help you understand the distinctions between mental health promotion and other types of interventions to improve mental health globally.

The content presented is drawn from Barry, M.M., Clarke, A.M., Petersen, I., Jenkins, R. (eds) *Implementing Mental Health Promotion*. Springer, Cham. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-23455-3_5

This guide was created by **Yunke Gu**, MPH Candidate at Yale School of Public Health in 2023, during her internship with Brio.

WHAT IS MENTAL HEALTH?

"Mental health is a state of well-being in which the individual realizes his or her own abilities, copes with the normal stresses of life, works productively, and makes a contribution to the community." -WHO

Mental health is about emotional, psychological, and social well-being. It's not just about the absence of disorders; it's about feeling good about yourself, managing life's ups and downs, connecting with others, and living a fulfilling life. Think of it like this: just as our bodies need to be in good shape to function optimally, our minds do too. Mental health is crucial for individuals and communities alike, and understanding its facets is paramount in promoting a well-balanced life.

Positive Mental Health: A Broader Perspective

Often, the term "mental health" mistakenly evokes thoughts of mental disorders. However, the concept is vast, rooted in positive psychology, which studies human strengths that contribute to a life filled with purpose, connection, and joy. It's about thriving, not just surviving.

Positive mental health indicators go beyond just gauging the absence of disorders. They look at aspects like vitality, resilience, life satisfaction, relationships, and overall well-being.

WHAT ARE THE DETERMINANTS?

Mental health is influenced by multiple factors ranging from biological to socio-cultural aspects. These factors, called determinants, shape the mental well-being or challenges an individual might face.

- Biological and Psychological Factors
- Individual-level Factors: Control Over Life; Management of Thoughts and Emotions; Social and Emotional Skills; Resilience; Stress Management
- Community-level Factors: Sense of Belonging; Social Support: Social Inclusion and Participation
- Structural-level Factors: Living Environments; Education; Access to Community Resources; Supportive Political and Social Structures; Cultural Values; Demographic Factors

Principles of Mental Health Promotion Implementation

- Prevention vs. Promotion: While prevention aims to reduce the incidence and severity of specific mental disorders, mental health promotion seeks to enhance well-being by building competencies and generating supportive surroundings.
- Adopting a Socio-Ecological Perspective: This principle emphasizes the need to see mental health in a broader context, acknowledging the influence of socioenvironmental factors on individual mental health.
- Embracing an Empowerment Philosophy: Mental health interventions should not just be about disseminating information but should actively involve and empower individuals and communities.
- Intersectoral Collaboration and Partnership Working: Mental health promotion is not a solitary endeavor. It requires collaboration across sectors – from health to education to employment.
- Addressing Inequities: Recognizing that socio-economic disparities play a crucial role in mental health is essential.
- Adopting a Life Course Approach: Mental health evolves over a person's lifetime, influenced by various stages of life and experiences.

Challenges Faced by Mental Health Promotion

Mental health is a global concern that affects every community, regardless of age, culture, or socioeconomic status. While the promotion of positive mental health is recognized as a pivotal step towards improving global mental health, several challenges arise:

- Historically, the emphasis has been on treating mental illnesses, overshadowing the significance of early intervention and mental health promotion.
- The economic burden of mental disorders is heavy.
- The unseen costs of mental disorders are often unmeasured.
- Over 450 million people worldwide experience mental disorders, emphasizing the pervasiveness and imminent global disease burden.
- Socioeconomic disparities exacerbate mental health risks, with the most underprivileged facing the most significant challenges.
- The socioeconomic and environmental factors influencing mental health are deeply interconnected.
- Such external economic factors can exacerbate mental health issues, and not all policies address these indirect influences.

The Global Focus on Mental Health

Mental health has now been recognized as an integral aspect of global health and development. This recognition is evident in the international commitments and frameworks initiated over recent decades.

- The 2013 endorsement by the World Health Assembly of the WHO's Mental Health Action Plan for 2013–2020 has marked a unified commitment to mental health care and well-being.
- The US Center for Disease Control and Prevention's initiative, highlights the link between mental health and chronic disease prevention.
- The inclusion of mental health in the United Nations' 2015 Sustainable Development Goals highlights its crucial role in the global development agenda.
- Organizations like the International Union for Health Promotion and Education (IUHPE) have prioritized mental health in their global initiatives, reflecting the worldwide push for mental well-being.



PRACTICAL STEPS: A GENERIC TEMPLATE FOR ACTION

A step-by-step guide to planning and implementing mental health promotion interventions.

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Phase 1: Intervention Initiation and Initial Planning Stages

- Conduct Needs Assessment and Consultation: Think of this step as a deep dive into understanding what your community or organization genuinely needs. It involves detailed discussions and surveys to identify the specific needs of your community and develop a strategy that addresses these needs effectively.
- Assess the Local Context: Every community, like every individual, is unique. Understanding the specific strengths, challenges, and available resources in your community or organization helps ensure that the mental health strategies you employ are a perfect fit.
- Select Evidence-Based Intervention Strategies: Once you understand your community and its needs, you select strategies that have a proven track record in similar contexts.
- Mobilize Support and Develop Partnerships: This stage is all about getting everyone on board. Successful mental health promotion relies on strong collaboration and partnerships. The idea is to pool the collective strengths, knowledge, and resources of your community or organization for a united effort.
- Project Manage Intervention Delivery: The final step in the planning process is ensuring smooth execution. This involves overseeing the running of the intervention and managing resources effectively.

Phase 2: Develop the Implementation Plan (1)

- Develop an Implementation Team: Think of individuals who are just as involved in your cause as you are and gather them to form a solid team. This group may include team leaders, content experts, and stakeholders.
- Formulate Intervention Goals, Objectives, and Desired Outcomes: Now, start working on defining what you're aiming to achieve. This step should involve your team and focus on outlining the goals and objectives of your intervention. By doing so, you create a shared understanding of the purpose of your intervention and rally everyone towards a common aim.
- Develop a Sequential Work Plan: After setting clear goals and objectives, it's time to break them down into actionable tasks and organize them systematically.
- Specify Intervention Components: It's essential to clarify the core elements of your intervention. Whether it's a series of workshops, an online course, or a counseling service, knowing precisely what you're delivering helps ensure everyone on your team is on the same page.
- Identify and Recruit Intended Intervention Recipients: Define who the recipients of your intervention will be. Consider various characteristics such as age, gender, socio-economic group or income level, ethnicity, and health status. Once your target group is identified, you can devise effective strategies to engage them.

Phase 2: Develop the Implementation Plan (2)

- Build Organizational Capacity and Resources Including the Necessary Staffing and Skills: Ensure that your organization has the right resources and skills to deliver your intervention. This step might involve training your existing team or hiring new staff with specific skills. Smooth operations increase the likelihood of a successful intervention.
- Put in Place the Training and Technical Skills Needed for Delivery: The success of your intervention largely depends on the confidence and skill level of those delivering it. Invest time and resources in quality training to equip your team with the necessary capacities.
- Develop and Pilot Intervention Materials: Before launching your intervention, it's a good idea to test your materials on a smaller scale. This pilot stage allows you to refine your resources based on actual feedback.
- Build Networks and Partnerships for Ongoing Sustainability: Build alliances with other agencies, community groups, and stakeholders to support the long-term viability of your intervention. These partnerships can help you maintain momentum and capitalize on your successes.

Phase 3: Deliver the Intervention

- Implement Intervention Components: The first step to actualizing your mental health promotion intervention is to activate it! The key is to adhere to the plan, ensuring all the vital elements are carried out as intended. If adaptations are needed to suit the specificities of your local context, these should be thoroughly documented, thus providing valuable insights for future interventions.
- Monitor Quality of Intervention Implementation: Next step: keep a close check on the quality and progress of your intervention. It's not just about completing steps, but about how well each step is performed.
- Feedback and Communication: You need to receive input from your team and the community about their experiences, but you also need to regularly share updates about the intervention. This encourages a sense of shared ownership and active involvement among all parties.
- Ongoing Consultation, Training, and Support: Training doesn't stop after the initial session. It's vital to offer continual support and further training as necessary to secure the success of your intervention. Regular site visits and check-ins can help address any concerns promptly and sustain the motivation of your team.
- Manage Resources: Keep an eye on your budget and expenditure, and think ahead about the resources you'll need for the long-term maintenance of your intervention.

Phase 4: Intervention Maintenance and Sustainability

- Integrate Intervention Activities: Now, the focus shifts towards embedding the intervention into the organization. You're aiming to nurture an environment where quality work, creativity, and enthusiasm can be maintained and promoted.
- Assessing Intervention Effectiveness: This step is about evaluating the success of your intervention. Are you meeting your set goals and objectives? To determine this, employ a variety of evaluation methods and consider a wide range of success indicators, such as increased awareness, behavioral changes, or new partnerships formed.
- Feedback for Continuous Improvement: A critical element of maintaining a successful intervention is taking on board feedback and findings. Regularly reviewing the data collected and sharing these results with stakeholders ensures the intervention can be adjusted and refined as necessary, ultimately enhancing its effectiveness.
- Strategies for Sustainability: Lastly, it's important to consider how to maintain your intervention in the long term. How can the initiative adapt to changing circumstances? How can it be scaled up to make a broader impact? A well-thought-out plan that involves continued partnerships, high visibility of the intervention, and support from decision-makers will help keep the intervention relevant and effective.

Learn more:

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